

1D90E

MANUAL for diesel engine

Hatz Diesel

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1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01 Legal notices

1 Legal notices

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Original manual

This manual has been translated into multiple languages.

The German version is the **original manual**. All other language versions are **translations** of the **original manual**.

Revision

Version	Date	Name
02 - Rev. 01	23.11.2022	GMV / ef

2 General information

Information on the document

This manual was created with due care. It is exclusively intended to offer a technical description of the machine and to provide instructions on commissioning, operating and maintaining the machine. When operating the machine, the applicable standards and legal regulations as well as any in-house regulations apply.

Before commissioning, during operation and before maintenance work is begun on the machine, read this manual carefully and keep it close by for ready access.

Machine

This manual describes the following machine.

Machine name	HATZ diesel engine
Type number	1D90E

Customer service

Have service work performed by qualified technicians only. We recommend that you work with one of the over 500 **HATZ service stations**. Trained specialists there will repair your machine with **Hatz original spare parts** and with **HATZ tools**. The global HATZ service network is at your disposal to advise you and supply you with spare parts. For the address of the **Hatz service station** nearest you, please see the enclosed spare parts list or visit us in the Internet at: **www.hatz-diesel.com**

Installation of unsuitable spare parts can lead to problems. We cannot accept liability for direct damage or secondary damage that results from this.

We therefore recommend the use of **Hatz original spare parts**. These parts are manufactured according to strict Hatz specifications and achieve maximum operational reliability through their perfect fit and functionality. The order number can be found in the enclosed spare parts list or on the Internet at: www.hatz-diesel.com

Exclusion of liability

The manufacturer cannot be held liable for personal injury, damage to property or damage to the machine itself caused by improper use, foreseeable misuse, or failure to follow or adequately follow the safety measures and procedures described in this manual. This also applies to changes made to the machine and the use of unsuitable spare parts.

Modifications, which serve the technical improvements, are reserved.

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3 Safety

3.1 General information

Introduction

This chapter contains the information you need to work safely with this machine.

To prevent accidents and damage to the machine, it is imperative that these safety instructions be followed.

Read this chapter carefully before beginning work.

3.1.1 Intended use

Intended use

The machine described in this manual fulfills the following functions:

 Diesel engine intended for installation in a machine or for assembly with other machines to form a machine. See chapter 11 Declaration of incorporation, page 84.

This engine is intended exclusively for the purpose specified and tested by the manufacturer of the machine in which the engine is installed.

Any other use is not intended and therefore not permitted. Violations compromise the safety of the personnel working with the machine. Motorenfabrik HATZ does not accept any liability for damage resulting from this.

The operational safety of the machine is only guaranteed if it is used as intended.

Use according to the intended purpose also includes observance of the instructions in this Operator's Manual.

Foreseeable misuse

The following is considered to be foreseeable misuse:

- Any use that varies from or extends beyond the uses specified above.
- Failure to comply with the instructions given in this manual.
- Failure to comply with the safety instructions.
- Failure to immediately eliminate malfunctions that impact safety before continuing work with the machine (working with the machine when it is not in perfect condition, either functionally or in terms of safety).
- Failure to perform the necessary inspection and maintenance work.
- Any unauthorized modification of or removal of safety equipment.
- Use of spare parts and accessories that are unsuitable or have not been approved by HATZ.
- Operation in flammable or hazardous environments.
- Operation in closed-off or poorly ventilated rooms.

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 Operation in an aggressive atmosphere (e.g. high salt content) without further measures for corrosion protection.

- Installation of the device on movable supports (e.g. vehicles, trailers) without HATZ approval.
- Improper operation at variance with DIN ISO 3046 -1 and DIN ISO 8528 (climate, load, safety).

Residual risks

Residual risks result during daily use and in association with maintenance work.

These residual risks will be pointed out in chapter 3.2.2 Machine-specific safety instructions for operation, page 15 and in chapter 3.2.3 Machine-specific safety instructions for maintenance work, page 16 as well as in the further contents of the manual, directly in front of the descriptions or operating instructions concerned.

3.1.2 Machine user or machine manufacturer obligations

Machine manufacturer obligations

If you have an engine that is not yet installed in a machine, it is imperative that you follow the **Assembly Instructions for HATZ Diesel Engines** before installing the engine. These assembly instructions contain important information on how to safely install the engine and are available at your nearest **HATZ service station**.

It is prohibited to start the engine before it is fully installed.

In addition, please note that it is prohibited to start up the machine before it has been determined that the machine into which this engine is installed fulfills all safety-related requirements and legal regulations.

User obligations

The operator is obliged to only operate the machine when it is in perfect condition. The operator must check the condition of the machine before use and ensure that any defects are eliminated before it is taken into service. Running the machine while identified defects exist is not permitted. The operator must also ensure that all persons who work on the machine are familiar with the contents of this manual.

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Obligations of the operating and maintenance personnel

Personnel assigned with operating and maintaining the machine must have read and understood this manual or must possess the qualifications necessary for working with this equipment, acquired in training/instructional courses. No one may work with the machine without the necessary qualifications, even if for just a brief period.

The operating and maintenance personnel must not be under the influence of drugs, medication or alcohol.

All work performed on the machine must be in compliance with the information provided in this manual.

Storing this manual

This manual is an integral component of the machine (also when being sold). It must be stored in the direct vicinity of the machine and be accessible to personnel at all times.

3.1.3 Representation of safety notes

Overview

This machine has been designed and built according to state-of-the-art technology and the recognized safety standards. Despite these precautions, risks exist when operating the machine and during maintenance work.

These risks are identified in this manual by means of safety notes.

The safety notes precede the relevant description or operating step.

Structure of the safety notes

The safety notes consist of:

- Danger symbol
- Signal word
- Description of the danger
- Possible consequences
- Preventative measures

General danger symbol



The general danger symbol is used to identify the danger of personal injury.

Signal words

Signal words identify the magnitude of the risk and the seriousness of possible injury:

Danger symbol/ signal word	Meaning
<u>↑</u> DANGER	This signal word is used to indicate imminently dangerous situations which, if not avoided, will lead to serious injury or death.
⚠ WARNING	This signal word is used to indicate potentially dangerous situations which, if not avoided, may lead to serious injury or death.
A CAUTION	This signal word is used to indicate potentially dangerous situations which, if not avoided, may lead to minor or moderate injury.
CAUTION	This signal word, without a danger symbol, is used to indicate the risk of property damage.
NOTICE	This signal word indicates additional useful information, such as operating tips and cross references.

3.1.4 Meaning of safety symbols

Explanation of symbols

The following table describes the meanings of the safety symbols used in this manual.

Symbol	Meaning
	Smoking, fire, and open flames are prohibited!
<u>^</u>	Warning of personal injury!
	Warning of hot surfaces!
<u>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</u>	Warning of hot surfaces! (Alternative)

Symbol	Meaning
	Warning of flammable substances!
	Warning of explosive substances!
	Warning of toxic engine exhaust!
	Warning of corrosive substances!
	Warning of heavy loads!
	Warning of environmental damage!
	Comply with this manual or additional documentation from other manufacturers or the operator.
1	Additional information that is useful to the reader.

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3.2 Safety notes

3.2.1 Operational safety

Introduction

This chapter contains all of the important safety instructions for personal protection and for safe and reliable operation. Additional, task-related safety instructions can be found at the beginning of each chapter.



DANGER

Danger to life, danger of injury or danger of property damage due to failure to comply with this manual and the safety instructions contained therein.



- As the operator of the machine, you must ensure that all people working on the machine are familiar with the content of this manual.
- Before working on the machine, read this manual carefully, paying special attention to the safety notes.
- Fulfill all required safety conditions before working on the machine.
- Follow all general safety instructions as well as the specific task-related safety instructions contained in the individual chapters.

Using the machine

Only operate the machine for the purposes described in chapter 3.1.1 Intended use, page 7.

Compliance with other regulations

- The applicable regulations of the relevant professional associations must be observed.
- Comply with the regulations concerning the minimum safety and health requirements for the use of work equipment by workers at work.
- In addition, local safety, accident prevention and environmental regulations also apply when operating the machine.

Personal protective equipment

During operation and maintenance of the machine, personal protective equipment must be available and must be used if necessary. The use of personal protective equipment is specified in the description of the operating steps.

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Personal protective equipment	Pictogram	Function
Safety shoes		Safety shoes offer protection against:
		SlippingFalling objects
Hearing protection		Hearing protection offers protection against ear injuries due to excessive and constant noise.
Safety gloves		Safety gloves protect the hands against injury, e.g. from battery acid.
Safety goggles (with side protection)		Safety goggles protect the eyes from flying objects (e.g. dust particles, spraying liquids, spraying acid).
Fine dust mask		A fine dust mask protects the wearer against particulate pollutants.
Working clothes	T	Wear close-fitting working clothes. It must not restrict the wearer's freedom of movement, however.

Warning labels and information signs on the machine

The warning labels and information signs on the machine must be followed (see chapter "Labels" 3.3 Labels, page 20).

The warning labels and information signs must be kept legible and must be replaced if necessary. For this purpose, contact your nearest **HATZ service station**.

Maintenance work

Maintenance work that goes beyond the scope described in this manual must only be performed by qualified technicians (see chapter 2 *General information*, page 6).

Independent maintenance work and constructional changes to the machine, especially to the safety equipment, are not permitted.

Safety equipment

Safety equipment must not be modified and must not be rendered ineffective during normal operation.

General safety instructions



DANGER



Danger to life and danger of injury due to failure to follow the warnings on the machine and in this manual.

Heed the warnings on the machine and in this manual.



WARNING

Danger of injury and danger of incorrect operation due to inadequate personnel qualifications.



- The personnel must have read and understood this manual or must possess the qualifications necessary for working with this equipment, acquired in training/instructional courses.
- Only qualified personnel is permitted to operate and maintain this machine.
- Failure to comply will cause the warranty to become void.



WARNING



Danger of injury from failure to follow the Operating Instructions and from performing unauthorized tasks on the machine.

- Follow all instructions.
- Do not perform activities for which no qualification is available. Contact properly trained personnel if necessary.



CAUTION

Danger of injury from overloading the body.



Lifting the machine to transport it or to move it to another location can lead to injuries (of the back, for example).

 Only lift the machine with a hoist (see chapter 6.1 Transport, page 31). 1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01 Safety

3.2.2 Machine-specific safety instructions for operation

Introduction

The machine can pose residual risks during operation. To eliminate these risks, all persons working on the machine must follow the general and machine-specific safety instructions.

If you have an engine that is not yet installed in a machine, it is imperative that you follow the **Assembly Instructions for HATZ Diesel Engines** before installing the engine.

These Assembly Instructions contain important information on safe installation.

If the engine is installed in a machine or assembled with other machines to form a machine, it is prohibited to start the engine before it has been determined that the newly created machine fulfills all safety-related requirements and applicable legal regulations.

Safe operation

- Before switching on the machine, ensure that no one can be injured when the machine is started up.
- During machine operation, ensure that unauthorized persons do not have access to the area in which the machine has an impact.
- Parts of the exhaust gas system and the surface of the engine become hot during operation. Risk of injury from touching hot parts! Let the engine cool before maintenance.
- Do not refuel during operation.

Faults

- Immediately eliminate faults that compromise safety.
- Switch off the machine and do not take into service again until all faults have been eliminated.

Safety instructions for operation



DANGER

Danger to life from inhaling exhaust gases.



Toxic engine exhaust gases can lead to loss of consciousness, and even death, in closed-off and poorly ventilated rooms.

- Never operate the machine in closed-off or poorly ventilated rooms.
- Do not breathe in the exhaust gases.



DANGER

Danger of fire from hot exhaust gas system.



If inflammable materials come into contact with the exhaust gas flow or the hot exhaust gas system, these materials can ignite.

- Keep inflammable materials away from the exhaust gas system.
- Do not operate the engine (exhaust flow or hot exhaust gas system) in the direct vicinity of combustible materials.



DANGER

Fire hazard from fuel.



Leaked or spilled fuel can ignite on hot engine parts and cause serious burn injuries.

 Only refuel when the engine is switched off and has cooled down.



- Never refuel in the vicinity of open flames or sparks that can cause ignition.
- Do not smoke.
- Do not spill fuel.



CAUTION

Danger of injury from defective crank handle.



A damaged or broken handle bar can cause injuries. A worn drive dog can slip out of the starting mechanism when starting and also cause injuries.

 Check the crank handle for a broken handle bar, worn drive dog etc.; replace if necessary.

3.2.3 Machine-specific safety instructions for maintenance work

Introduction

The machine can pose residual risks during maintenance. To eliminate these risks, all persons working on the machine must follow the general and machine-specific safety instructions.

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Maintenance intervals

- Strictly adhere to the maintenance intervals.
- Check the safety equipment regularly to ensure it is in good condition and functioning properly.
- Check connections, cables and fasteners regularly to ensure they are in good condition.

Maintenance work

Maintenance work that goes beyond the scope described in this manual must only be performed by qualified technicians. We recommend that you work with one of the over 500 **HATZ service stations**.

Replacing parts

- When replacing defective components, we recommend that you use **Hatz** original spare parts (see chapter 2 General information, page 6).
- When disposing of parts that can no longer be used, do so in accordance with local environmental regulations or send them to a recycling center.

Measures following maintenance and troubleshooting

- Securely reconnect loose electrical connections; check that the electrical components and equipment are functioning properly.
- Check the entire machine for foreign bodies; remove any foreign bodies.

Safety instructions for maintenance work



DANGER

Danger of explosion from flammable cleaning agents.



Cleaning with benzene is an explosion hazard. It is highly flammable, can become electrostatically charged, and can generate an explosive gas/air mixture.

- Use halogen-free, cold cleaners with a high flash point for cleaning.
- Comply with manufacturer's instructions.



WARNING



Danger of injury from compressed air and dust particles.

Eye injuries can occur when cleaning with compressed air.



Wear safety goggles.



CAUTION

Danger of injury from ignoring the maintenance instructions.



- Only perform maintenance work when the engine is switched off.
- Protect start-up devices (crank handle, recoil start or starting key) from unauthorized access.
- For engines with a starter: Disconnect the negative battery terminal.
- When the maintenance work has been completed, ensure that all tools are removed from the machine.



CAUTION



Danger of burns.

There is a danger of burns when working on a hot engine.

Let the engine cool before maintenance.

3.2.4 Electrical equipment

Safety notes



DANGER

Danger to life, danger of injury or danger of property damage due to incorrect use of batteries.

- Do not place tools or other metal objects on the battery.
- Before performing work on the electrical equipment, always disconnect the negative battery terminal.



- Never swap the plus (+) and negative (-) battery terminals.
- When installing the battery, first connect the plus cable and then the negative cable.
- When removing the battery, first disconnect the negative cable and then the plus cable.
- It is imperative to prevent short circuits and mass contact of current carrying cables.
- If faults occur, check the cable connections for good contact.

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DANGER

Danger of explosion from flammable substances.



There is a danger of explosion from flammable gases.

- Keep batteries away from open flames and incendiary sparks.
- Do not smoke when working with batteries.



CAUTION

Danger of chemical burns



Chemical burns can occur when using batteries for the electrical operation.

- Protect your eyes, skin, and clothing from corrosive battery acid.
- Immediately rinse areas affected by splashed acid with clear water and consult a physician if necessary.
- Promptly replace faulty indicator lamps.
- Do not disconnect the battery while the machine is running. Resulting voltage peaks could destroy the electronic components.
- When cleaning, do no spray the electrical equipment components with a water jet or high pressure cleaner.
- When performing welding work on the machine, disconnect the battery
 and place the ground clamp of the welding equipment as close as possible
 to the welding area. Disconnect the plug connectors to the engine control
 unit and to the voltage regulator of the alternator.

NOTICE



 We cannot be held liable for electrical equipment that is not designed according to HATZ wiring diagrams. Safety 1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01

3.3 Labels

Warning labels and information signs on the engine

Label Meaning Maintenance instructions (see chapter 8.2 Maintenance work, page 49 HATZ 1D. CAUTION! Danger of injury on the guide sleeve of the starting mechanism. Do not reach into the guide sleeve of the starting mechanism while the engine is running. Emergency hand start: 1. Engine stopped. 2. Actuate the decompression lever. 3. After engaging the automatic decompression on the end stop, five 3 crank handle turns are required until the engine compresses again and can ignite. For more information, see chapter 9.3 Emergency hand start, page Refuel with diesel fuel only. For the specification, see chapter 4.4 Fuel,

page 25.

1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01 Technical data

4 Technical data

4.1 Engine information and filling quantities

Туре		1D90E
Model		S, Z
Туре		Air-cooled, four stroke diesel engine
Combustion system		Direct injection
Number of cylinders		1
Bore/Stroke	mm	104 / 85
Displacement	cm ³	722
Engine oil consumption (after running-in period)	Approx.	1 % of fuel consumption, pertaining to full load
Engine oil pressure at oil temperature of 80–120 °C	Min.	0.6 bar at 850 rpm
Sense of rotation		When viewing flywheel: left
Permissible inclination 1)	Max.	25°
Tappet clearance at 10–30 °C inlet/outlet		0.30
Weight Model S Model Z	Approx.	107 109
Battery capacity	Max.	12 V - 88 Ah / 640 A (EN) / 700 A (SAE)

Model **S**: normal counter balance

Model **Z**: additional counter balance

¹⁾ The values apply to continuous operation in any direction. **Exceeding these limit values causes engine damage.**

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Engine oil capacities

	Oil sump					
	Stan	dard	1 adapt	ter ring	2 adapt	er rings
	tot. max.	lif.	tot. dif	*	tot. min.	Hif.
Type	tot. ltr. ²⁾	dif. ltr. ³⁾	tot. ltr. ²⁾	dif. ltr. ³⁾	tot. ltr. ²⁾	dif. ltr. ³⁾
1D90E S/Z	1.9	0.9	3.2	2.2	4.5	3.5

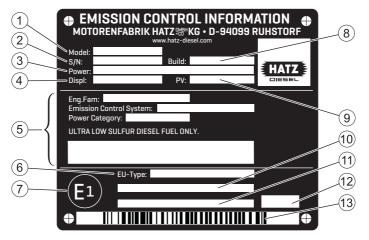
²⁾ **tot. ltr.**: engine oil capacity (in liters) for the first filling or oil change. For engines without an oil filter, the filling quantities are reduced by approx. 0.1 liter.

³⁾ **dif. ltr.**: Oil refill quantity (in liters) between the "min" and "max" marking on the dipstick.

These values are approximations only. The max. mark on the dipstick is decisive in any case (see chapter 7.5 Check the oil level, page 42).

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4.2 Engine type plate



The engine type plate is affixed to the crankcase and includes the following engine information:

1	Model designation of the engine
2	Engine serial number
3	Engine power (kW) at rated speed (rpm)
4	Displacement (liters)
5	Information for US emission certification (EPA/CARB)
6	EU type approval number
7	EU country of origin (Germany)
8	Model year (month/year)
9	Test specification for special settings
10	Engine family designation or exemption code (EM) or transition code (TM) according to regulation (EU) 2016/1628
11	Additional specifications according to Regulation 2017/656 (exceptions) or "Separate shipment information"
12	Code for type plate variant
13	Barcode (engine serial number)

The following data must always be specified in case of queries and for spare parts orders:

- 1 Model designation
- 2 Engine serial number
- 3 Rated speed (rpm)

Technical data 1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01

4.3 Engine oil

Oil quality

All oil brands that meet at least one of the following specifications are suitable:

- ACEA E6 or E8 (recommended)
- ACEA E9 or E11
- ACEA C3 / C4 (HTHS ≥ 3.5 mPas)
- API CK-4 or CJ-4

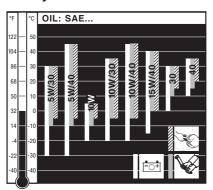
CAUTION

Damage to the diesel oxidation catalyst (DOC) from using unsuitable engine oil.

Unsuitable engine oil diminishes the functionality and service life of the catalytic converter.

Only use engine oils with very low quantities of sulfate ash, phosphor and sulfur – so-called "low SAPS" oils which fulfill at least one of the specifications mentioned above.

Oil viscosity



Choose the recommended viscosity based on the type of start (recoil, crank handle or electric) and on the engine temperature at which the engine will be operated.

CAUTION

Engine damage from unsuitable engine oil.

Unsuitable engine oil considerably reduces engine service life. Only use engine oil that fulfills the specifications stipulated above.

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4.4 Fuel

Fuel type

All types of diesel fuel that meet the minimum requirements of the following specifications are suitable:

• Europe: EN 590

- UK: BS 2869 A1 / A2

USA: ASTM D 975-09a 1-D S15 or 2-D S15

CAUTION

Danger of engine damage from low quality fuel.

The use of fuel that does not meet the specifications can lead to engine damage.

The use of fuels that do not meet specifications require approval by Motorenfabrik HATZ (main plant).

CAUTION

Danger of malfunctions due to old fuel.

When diesel fuel is stored in a fuel tank or canister for lengthy periods, deposits may form on account of fuel aging. These deposits result in malfunctions due to clogged fuel filters and damage to the injection system.

- Perform the prescribed storage steps in machines that will be out of use for more than three months (see chapter 10.1 Storing the machine, page 81).
- Only refuel with fresh diesel fuel such as can be obtained from filling stations.

Winter fuel

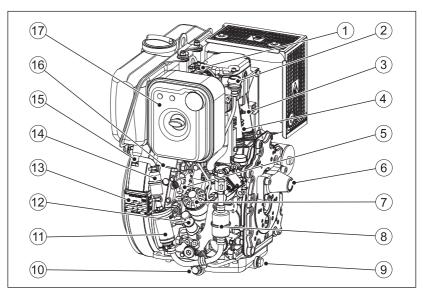
Diesel fuel loses its fluidity at low temperatures, which can lead to operating problems. Use cold-resistant winter diesel fuel for outside temperatures below 0 °C.

Engine overview 1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01

5 Engine overview

5.1 Designation of components

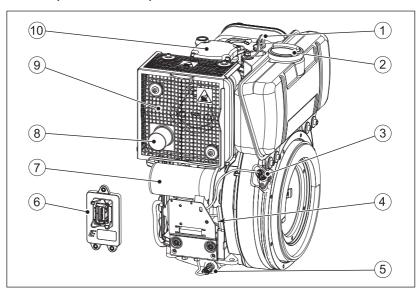
Intake side



1	Decompression lever
2	Air filter maintenance indicator (option)
3	Temperature switch
4	Coolant air outlet
5	Intake opening for cooling air
6	Guide sleeve for starting handle (in model with emergency hand start system)
7	Oil filter (option)
8	Main fuel filter
9	Oil drain screw (front)
10	Oil drain screw (side)
11	Electric fuel pump
12	Oil filling opening and dipstick
13	Engine type plate
14	Fuel prefilter
15	Water separator

16	Intake opening for combustion air
17	Dry air filter

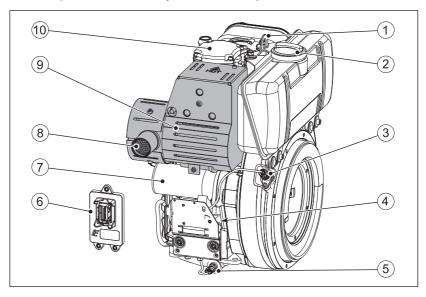
Exhaust side (standard model)



1	Lifting eye
2	Fuel cap
3	Crankshaft speed sensor
4	Voltage controller
5	Oil temperature sensor
6	Engine control unit
7	Starter
8	Exhaust pipe (exhaust outlet)
9	Silencer with contact protection
10	Cylinder head cover

Engine overview 1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01

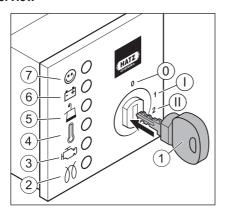
Exhaust side (model with diesel particulate filter)



1	Lifting eye
2	Fuel cap
3	Crankshaft speed sensor
4	Voltage controller
5	Oil temperature sensor
6	Engine control unit
7	Starter
8	Exhaust pipe (exhaust outlet)
9	Silencer with diesel particulate filter (DPF) and contact guard
10	Cylinder head cover

5.2 HATZ instrument box

Overview



1	Starting key
2	Pre-glow indicator (option)
3	Engine fault
4	Engine temperature indicator
5	Oil pressure indicator
6	Charge control
7	Operating indicator
Ignition lock	
0	Off
I	Operation
II	Start

Explanation of symbols

Symbol	Meaning
••	Operating indicator Lights up during operation when there is no engine fault.
-+	Charge control Fault in the alternator or alternator charging circuit. The battery is no longer charged. Eliminate the fault immediately.
	Oil pressure indicator Engine oil pressure too low. Danger of engine damage. Stop the engine immediately and check the oil level (see chapter 7.5 Check the oil level, page 42). Contact the HATZ service if the oil level is correct.
	Engine temperature indicator
	Engine temperature is impermissibly high. Danger of engine damage. Switch off the engine immediately!
	For details of troubleshooting, see chapter 9.1 Troubleshooting, page 69.
Ē,	Engine fault This indicator is lights up steadily or flashes if there are engine faults. For details on troubleshooting measures, see 9.2 Flash code table for engine faults, page 73.
	Depending on the engine specification, the engine controller reacts as follows in case of a malfunction:
	• Emergency operation The engine switches to emergency operation. In this situation, the engine power is reduced or the maximum speed is limited. The engine malfunction indicator lights up.
	Engine stop The engine switches off automatically. The engine malfunction indicator flashes.
	 Warning lamp Only the engine malfunction indicator calls attention to a malfunction.
	Pre-glow indicator Lights at temperatures below 0 °C. Start the engine after the indicator has gone out.

6 Transport, installation and commissioning

6.1 Transport

Safety notes



WARNING

Danger of injury from improper lifting and transport.

Danger of crushing from the engine falling or tipping.



- Only use the lifting eye already mounted on the machine for lifting.
- Before lifting the engine, check the lifting eye for damage.
 Lifting with a damaged lifting eye is not permitted. Replace a damaged lifting eye before using it for lifting.
- Only use a suitable hoist with a sufficient carrying capacity.
- Do not remain under suspended loads.



CAUTION



Only use the lifting eye for transporting the engine.

Do not use for lifting the entire machine.



CAUTION



Danger of injury from overloading the body.

Lifting the machine to transport it or to move it to another location can lead to injuries (of the back, for example).

Only lift the machine with a hoist.

NOTICE

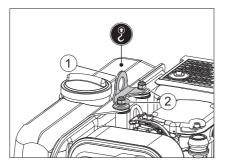


Danger of environmental damage from leaking fluid.

If the machine is tilted, engine oil and fuel can run out.

Only transport the machine in an upright position.

Overview - lifting eye



1	Lifting eye (lifting point)
2	Fastening nuts for lifting eye

Procedure

Step	Activity
1	Ensure that the lifting eye (1) is not damaged.
2	Ensure that the fastening nuts (2) are tight. Then lift the engine.

Transport conditions

- When transporting the machine, follow the safety instructions.
- When transporting, follow the applicable safety and accident prevention regulations.
- After delivery, check the machine for completeness and transport damage.
- Only transport the machine when it is switched off and has cooled down.
- If you have questions on transporting the machine, please contact your nearest HATZ service station. For contact data, see chapter Impressum or www.hatz-diesel.com.

6.2 Installation notes

HATZ diesel engines are efficient, robust, and have a long service life. Therefore, they are usually installed in machines that are used for commercial purposes.

The machine manufacturer must follow the applicable regulations regarding machine safety – the engine is a part of a machine.

Depending on the use and installation of the engine, it may be necessary for the machine manufacturer and machine user to install safety equipment to prevent inappropriate use. Note the following:

 Parts of the exhaust gas system and the engine surface become hot during operation and may not be touched until they cool down after the engine is switched off.

- Incorrect cable connections and incorrect operation of the electrical equipment can lead to sparking and must be avoided.
- After the engine is installed in the machine, rotating parts must be protected against contact.
 - HATZ safety equipment is available for the belt drive of the cooling fan and alternator.
- Comply with all notices and warning labels on the engine and keep them
 in a legible condition. If a adhesive label should become detached or difficult to read, it must be replaced promptly. For this purpose, contact your
 nearest HATZ service station.
- Any improper modification of the engine will result in a loss of liability coverage for resulting damage.

Only regular maintenance, as specified in this manual, will maintain the operating readiness of the engine.

The **assembly instructions** contain important information on how to safely assemble the engine. They are available from any **Hatz service station**.

If you have any questions, please contact your nearest **HATZ Service** before commissioning the engine.

6.3 Preparations for commissioning

- Check the delivered parts for completeness, damage, and other noticeable issues.
- Ensure that the setup location is adequately ventilated.



DANGER

Danger to life from inhaling exhaust gases.



Toxic engine exhaust gases can lead to loss of consciousness, and even death, in closed-off and poorly ventilated rooms.

- Never operate the machine in closed-off or poorly ventilated rooms.
- Do not breathe in the exhaust gases.

6.4 Filling engine oil (first filling)

Engines are normally delivered without an engine oil filling.

Safety note



CAUTION



Danger of injury

Prolonged contact with engine oil can lead to irritation of the skin.



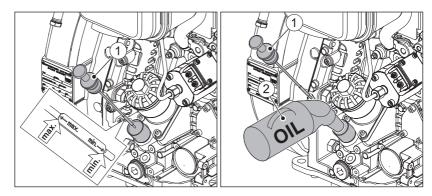
- Wear safety gloves.
- If there is contact with the skin, thoroughly wash the affected areas of the skin with soap and water.

CAUTION

Danger of later engine damage.

- Operating the engine with an oil level below the min. mark or above the max. mark can lead to engine damage.
- When checking the oil level, the engine must be horizontal and have been switched off for a few minutes.

Overview



1	Dipstick
2	Oil refilling container

Procedure

Step	Activity
1	Pull out the dipstick (1) and clean it.

Step	Activity
2	Fill engine oil. For the specification and viscosity, see chapter 4.3 Engine oil, page 24. For the filling quantity, see chapter 4.1 Engine information and filling quantities, page 21.
3	Reinsert the dipstick.
4	Pull out the dipstick and check the oil level.
5	If required, add engine oil to the max. mark.
6	Reinsert the dipstick.

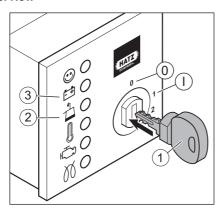
6.5 Venting the fuel system

Requirements

The fuel system must be bled in the following situations:

- At first filling of the fuel tank
- After changing the fuel filter
- Engine shuts down due to empty fuel tank

Overview



1	Starting key	
2	Oil pressure indicator	
3	Charge control	
Ignition lock		
0	Off	
I	Operation	

Procedure

Step	Activity
1	Insert the starting key all the way and turn to position "I".
	The oil pressure indicator (2) and charge control (3) light up.
2	Leave the starting key at position "I" until you hear the electrical fuel feed pump switch off (approx. 10 seconds).
3	Turn the starting key back to position "0". Note: Carry out steps 2 and 3 several times to press the air out of the fuel system.
4	After bleeding, multiple start attempts with the starter are necessary to start the engine. Start the engine (see chapter 7.3 Starting the engine, page 38)

7 Operation and use

7.1 Safety notes

NOTICE



Comply with the safety chapter!

Follow the basic safety instructions in chapter 3 Safety, page 7.



WARNING



Danger of injury from damage and defects on the machine.

- Do not take the machine into service if damage has been localized and identified.
- Replace defective components.



WARNING

Danger of injury from failure to follow the operating instructions and from performing unauthorized tasks on the machine.



- Define the responsibilities of the personnel taking the machine into service.
- Replace defective machine parts immediately.
- Check the installation conditions when the machine is first taken into service and after the machine has been inactive for a lengthy period.

CAUTION

Danger of engine damage from low load operation.

Operating the engine at no load or at very low load for an extended period can impair the running characteristics of the engine.

- Make sure that the engine load is at least 15 %.
- Before switching off the engine following low load operation, briefly operate it at a considerably higher load.

7.2 Performing tests

Before starting

Before starting the engine, several tests need to be performed to ensure the machine is working properly.

Procedure

Step	Test
1	The machine is standing securely and on a level surface.
2	The installation location is adequately ventilated.
3	There is a sufficient amount of fuel in the fuel tank (see chapter 7.6 Refueling, page 44).
4	There is a sufficient amount of engine oil in the engine housing (see chapter 6.4 Filling engine oil (first filling), page 34).
5	No persons are located in the danger zone of the engine or machine.
6	All safety equipment is in place.

7.3 Starting the engine

If possible, separate the engine from the machine being driven by uncoupling it. Always switch the machine into idle mode.

Safety notes



DANGER

Danger to life from inhaling exhaust gases.



Toxic engine exhaust gases can lead to loss of consciousness, and even death, in closed-off and poorly ventilated rooms.

- Never operate the machine in closed-off or poorly ventilated rooms.
- Do not breathe in the exhaust gases.

CAUTION

Danger of engine damage from the use of starting fluid.

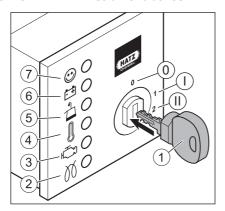
- Engine damage from the use of starting fluid can lead to uncontrolled ignition.
- Engine damage from uncontrolled ignition.
- Never use starting fluid.

NOTICE



See also starting instructions in the documentation for the complete machine.

Overview - HATZ instrument boxes



Starting key		
Pre-glow indicator (option)		
Engine fault		
Engine temperature indicator		
Oil pressure indicator		
Charge control		
Operating indicator		
Ignition lock		
Off		
Operation		
Start		

NOTICE



For further details on the instrument box, see chapter 5.2 HATZ instrument box, page 29.

Procedure

NOTICE



- Start for max. 30 seconds. If the engine is still not running after that, turn the starting key back to position "0" and eliminate the cause (see chapter 9.1 Troubleshooting, page 69).
- Turn the starting key to position "0" every time you want to start the engine.
- The anti repeat device in the ignition lock makes it impossible for the starter to engage while the engine is running and become damaged.

Step	Activity
1	Insert the starting key all the way and turn to position "I". The oil pressure indicator (5) and charge control (6) light up.
	When the pre-glow indicator (2) lights up, wait until it goes out and then continue with the next step.
2	Turn the starting key to position "II".
3	As soon as the engine is running, release the starting key.
	 The starting key springs back to position "I" and remains in this position during operation.
	 The oil pressure indicator (5) and charge control (6) must go out.
	 The operating indicator (7) lights up and signals that there is no engine fault.

NOTICE



- In case of irregularities, switch off the engine immediately.
- Identify the fault and eliminate it.
- For details of troubleshooting, see chapter 9.1 Troubleshooting, page 69.

NOTICE



When the engine is running, a vacuum occurs in the intake opening for combustion air. Position of the intake opening, see chap. 5 Engine overview, page 26.

Keep parts of the body and hair away from the intake opening.

7.4 Switching off the engine

Safety notes



CAUTION

Danger of injury from unauthorized access.



There is a danger of injury if unauthorized persons handle the machine.

 Protect the starting key against unauthorized access during breaks in operation or after completing work.

CAUTION

Danger of engine damage.

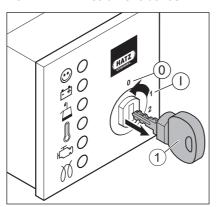
• Never stop the engine on the decompression lever.

NOTICE



See also instructions in the documentation for the complete machine.

Overview - HATZ instrument boxes



1	Starting key	
Ignition lock		
0	Off	
I	Operation	

Procedure

Step	Activity
1	Turn the starting key to position "0".
	The engine switches off.
	All indicator lamps go out.
	Note: The engine continues running for several seconds after it is switched off. Before performing any further activities, wait until all moving components have come to a complete standstill.
2	Remove the starting key.

NOTICE



Danger of exhaustive battery discharge.

When the machine is switched off, always turn the starting key to position "0" or else the battery may become fully discharged.

7.5 Check the oil level

Safety notes



CAUTION



Danger of burns.

There is a danger of burns when working on a hot engine.



Wear safety gloves.



CAUTION



Danger of injury

Prolonged contact with engine oil can lead to irritation of the skin.



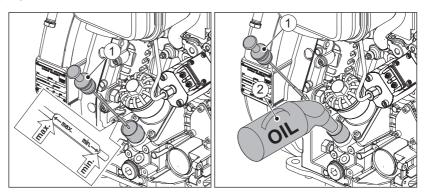
- Wear safety gloves.
- If there is contact with the skin, thoroughly wash the affected areas of the skin with soap and water.

CAUTION

Danger of later engine damage.

- Operating the engine with an oil level below the min. mark or above the max. mark can lead to engine damage.
- When checking the oil level, the engine must be horizontal and have been switched off for a few minutes.

Overview



- 1 Dipstick
- 2 Oil refilling container

Procedure — Checking oil level/adding oil

Step	Activity
1	Switch off the engine and wait several minutes for the engine oil to collect in the crankcase. Engine must be level.
2	Remove contamination on the engine in the area of the dip- stick (1).
3	Pull out the dipstick and clean it.
4	Reinsert the dipstick.
5	Pull out the dipstick and check the oil level.
6	If the oil level is close to the min. mark, add engine oil to the max. mark. For the specification and viscosity, see chapter 4.3 Engine oil, page 24.
7	Reinsert the dipstick.

7.6 Refueling

Safety notes



DANGER

Fire hazard from fuel.



Leaked or spilled fuel can ignite on hot engine parts and cause serious burn injuries.



- Only refuel when the engine is switched off and has cooled down.
- Never refuel in the vicinity of open flames or sparks that can cause ignition.
- Do not smoke.
- Do not spill fuel.



CAUTION



Danger of environmental damage from spilled fuel.

Do not overfill the fuel tank and do not spill fuel.

 Collect any leaking fuel and dispose of it according to local environmental regulations.



CAUTION



Danger of injury.

Repeated contact with diesel fuel can cause chapped and cracked skin.



- Wear safety gloves.
- If there is contact with the skin, thoroughly wash the affected areas of the skin with soap and water.

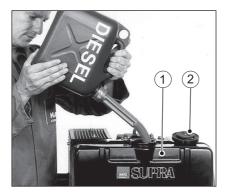
CAUTION

Engine damage from using low quality fuel.

The use of fuel that does not meet the specifications can lead to engine damage.

- Only use the fuel specified in chapter 4.4 Fuel, page 25.
- The use of fuels that do not meet specifications require approval by Motorenfabrik HATZ (main plant).

Overview



1	Fuel tank
2	Fuel cap

Procedure

NOTICE



Never run the tank empty if possible, as otherwise air can enter the fuel system. This can lead to damage to the injection system.

If the tank is still run empty, proceed as follows:

- Fill the fuel tank with diesel fuel.
- Bleed the fuel system (see chapter 6.5 Venting the fuel system, page 35).

Step	Activity
1	Open the fuel cap.
2	Fill the fuel tank with diesel fuel.
3	Close the fuel cap.

7.7 Checking the water separator

Safety notes



CAUTION



Danger of environmental damage from spilled fuel.

When water is drained from the water separator, a small amount of fuel is drained as well.

Collect any escaped water/fuel mixture and dispose of it according to local environmental regulations.

NOTICE



The interval for checking the water separator depends entirely on the proportion of water in the fuel and on the care exercised during refueling; the water separator should be checked at least once a week.

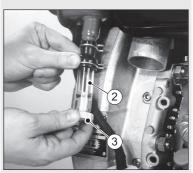
Overview

Water in the fuel tank collects at the lowest point of the fuel tank in the water separator.

Standard



Model with window



1	Drain screw, hex (standard)
2	Window (additional equipment)
3	Drain screw (manually operated)

Procedure

Step	Activity
1	Model with window:
	Check the window (2) for water content.
	Collected water can be clearly identified by the noticeable separating line between the water and the diesel fuel above it.
2	Place a suitable container under the drain screw (1) or (3).
	<i>NOTE:</i> In inaccessible locations, an extension hose can be mounted on the drain screw (3).
3	Open the drain screw (1) or (3) and drain the water into the container.
4	When fuel emerges, close the drain screw.
5	Dispose of the water/fuel mixture in accordance with the local environmental regulations.

7.8 Check the air filter warning indicator (option)

Overview



1	Rubber bellow
2	Green field

Procedure

Step	Activity
1	Bring the engine briefly to maximum speed.
2	When the rubber bellow (1) contracts and covers over the green field (2), immediately check the air filter system (see chapter 8.2.10 Maintaining the dry air filter, page 65).
3	Check the rubber bellow (1) several times daily under dusty conditions.

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8 Maintenance

8.1 General maintenance instructions

Safety notes



WARNING



Danger of injury from failure to follow the Operating Instructions and from performing unauthorized tasks on the machine.

- Follow all instructions.
- Do not perform activities for which no qualification is available. Contact properly trained personnel if necessary.

NOTICE



Comply with the safety chapter!

Follow the basic safety instructions in chapter 3 Safety, page 7.

- Maintenance tasks may only be performed by trained personnel.
- Accident prevention measures must be in accordance with the local accident prevention regulations.
- Perform setting and maintenance work at the specified intervals.
- Replace defective machine parts as soon as possible.
- Always wear personal protection equipment.
- Only use fully functional tools.
- Installation of unsuitable spare parts can lead to problems. We cannot accept liability for direct damage or secondary damage that results from this.
 We therefore recommend the use of Hatz original spare parts.
- Closely adhere to the maintenance conditions prescribed in this manual.
- Only make changes to the machine in agreement with the manufacturer.
- Only perform maintenance work when the engine is switched off.
- Protect the starting key from unauthorized access.
- Disconnect the negative battery terminal before carrying out maintenance work.
- Adhere to legal regulations when handling and disposing of used oil, filters, and cleaning agents.
- After completing maintenance work, check that all tools, screws, aids, and other objects are removed from the machine, and that all safety equipment has been replaced.

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 Before starting, ensure that no persons are located in the danger zone of the engine or machine.

Performance of maintenance work

The entire machine is designed to be maintenance friendly. Parts that require maintenance are easily accessible.

- Perform maintenance work faithfully at the specified intervals to prevent premature wear of the machine.
- Follow the notice and warning labels on the machine.
- Always retighten screw connections loosened during maintenance work.
- After the necessary maintenance and repair work is completed, perform a function test (test run).
- For maintenance work that is not listed and described in the maintenance documentation, please contact your nearest **HATZ service station**.

8.2 Maintenance work

Safety note



CAUTION

Danger of injury from ignoring the maintenance instructions.



- Only perform maintenance work when the engine is switched off.
- Protect the starting key from unauthorized access.
- Disconnect the negative battery terminal.
- When the maintenance work has been completed, ensure that all tools are removed from the machine

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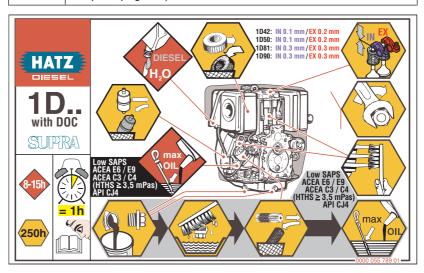
8.2.1 Maintenance notice label

NOTICE



The illustrated maintenance label is delivered with every engine.

- It should be mounted on the engine or machine in a clearly visible location.
- The maintenance intervals specified on the maintenance plan must be adhered to (see chapter 8.2.2 Maintenance plan, page 50)



8.2.2 Maintenance plan

Daily checks

Symbol	Interval	Activity/check	Chapter
8-15h	Every 8–15 operating hours or ev-	Check the oil level	7.5 Check the oil level, page 42
	ery day before starting	Check the air filter mainte- nance indicator	7.8 Check the air filter warning indicator (option), page 47
		Check the intake area of the combustion air	8.2.3 Check the intake area of the combustion air, page 52
		Checking the cooling air area	8.2.4 Checking the cooling air area, page 54

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Initial maintenance of new or rebuilt engines

Symbol	Maintenance in- terval	Maintenance step/check	Chapter
	After the first 25 operating hours	Change the engine oil.	8.2.5 Change the en- gine oil and oil filter, page 55
		Check and set the tappet clearance.	8.2.6 Checking and set- ting the tappet clear- ance, page 59
		Check the screw connections.	8.2.8 Check the screw connections, page 62

Routine maintenance

Symbol	Maintenance in- terval	Maintenance step/check	Chapter
	Weekly	Checking the water separator	7.7 Checking the water separator, page 45
250h	Every 250 operating hours or every 12 months		
		Change the engine oil ²⁾	8.2.5 Change the engine oil and oil filter, page 55
		Check and adjust the tappet clearance ²⁾	8.2.6 Checking and set- ting the tappet clear- ance, page 59
		Clean the cooling air area ²⁾	8.2.7 Cleaning the cooling air area, page 61
		Check the screw connections ²⁾	8.2.8 Check the screw connections, page 62
		Change the fuel prefilter and main fuel filter ^{2) 3)}	8.2.9 Changing the fuel filter, page 62
		Maintain the dry air filter ²⁾	8.2.10 Maintaining the dry air filter, page 65
500h	Every 500 operating hours	Clean the diesel particulate filter (DPF) ⁵⁾ (to be performed by trained technicians)	
	Every 1500 operating hours	Change the diesel particulate filter (DPF)	

- ¹⁾The engine control module continuously evaluates the engine-relevant data during operation. If an engine fault or deviations from the setpoints occur, these data are written to the error memory. Stored data can be read out and evaluated for fault diagnostics by a Hatz service partner using the Hatz Diagnostic Software HDS². In this way, faults can be detected and eliminated early on or preventative maintenance can be performed.
- ²⁾ Maintenance according to the maintenance interval or after 12 months, whichever comes first.
- ³⁾ The interval at which maintenance work should be performed on the fuel filter depends on the cleanliness of the fuel in use and may need to be shortened to 150 operating hours.
- ⁴⁾ Only for model with diesel particulate filter, see chap. *5 Engine overview,* page 26. Hatz offers the **EasyClean** cleaning program for overhauling the diesel particulate filter.

For more information, see https://parts.hatz.com/service/easyclean/

8.2.3 Check the intake area of the combustion air

Safety notes



CAUTION



Danger of burns.

There is a danger of burns when working on a hot engine.



Let the engine cool.Wear safety gloves.

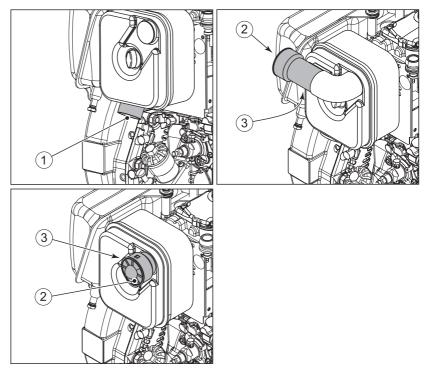
NOTICE



In case of heavy contamination, shorten the maintenance intervals accordingly (see chapter 8.2.2 Maintenance plan, page 50).

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Overview



1	Intake opening on the dry air filter
2	Intake opening on the cyclone precleaner (option)
3	Dust outlet opening on the cyclone precleaner

Procedure

Step	Activity
1	Depending on the model, check the intake opening (1 or 2) for coarse contamination such as leaves, heavy dust deposits, etc.
	Perform the following activities in case of heavy contamination:
	• Chap. 8.2.10 Maintaining the dry air filter, page 65.
2	In models with a cyclone precleaner , also check the dust outlet opening (3) is clear, and clean as required in addition to step 1.

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8.2.4 Checking the cooling air area

Safety notes



CAUTION



Danger of burns.

There is a danger of burns when working on a hot engine.

Let the engine cool before maintenance.

CAUTION

Danger of engine damage from overheating.

The engine temperature display (option) lights up as soon as the engine becomes impermissibly hot.

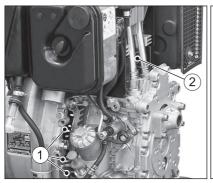
Switch off the engine immediately and eliminate the cause.

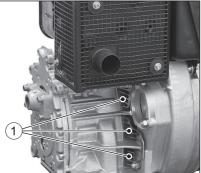
NOTICE



In case of heavy contamination, shorten the maintenance intervals accordingly (see chapter 8.2.2 Maintenance plan, page 50).

Overview





- 1 Intake opening for cooling air
- 2 Coolant air outlet

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Procedure

Step	Activity
1	Depending on the model, check the intake opening (1) and cooling air outlet (2) for coarse contamination such as leaves, heavy dust deposits, etc., and clean if necessary (see chapter 8.2.7 Cleaning the cooling air area, page 61).

8.2.5 Change the engine oil and oil filter

This chapter contains the following subchapters:

- Draining the engine oil
- Changing the oil filter
- · Filling the engine oil

Safety notes



CAUTION



Danger of burns.

When working on the engine, there is a danger of burns from hot oil.



Wear personal protective equipment (gloves).



CAUTION

Danger of environmental damage from spilled used oil.



Used oil is water-polluting.

- Do no allow them to enter the ground water, water bodies, or sewage system.
- Collect the used oil and dispose of it according to local environmental regulations.



CAUTION



Danger of injury

Prolonged contact with engine oil can lead to irritation of the skin.



- Wear safety gloves.
- If there is contact with the skin, thoroughly wash the affected areas of the skin with soap and water.



CAUTION



Danger of injury.

When working with compressed air, foreign bodies may fly into your eyes.



- Wear safety goggles.
- Never direct the compressed air jet toward people or toward yourself.

CAUTION

Danger of later engine damage.

- Operating the engine with an oil level below the min. mark or above the max. mark can lead to engine damage.
- When checking the oil level, the engine must be horizontal and have been switched off for a few minutes.

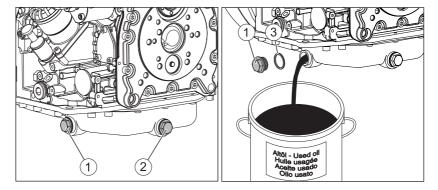
NOTICE



- The engine must be level.
- The engine must be switched off.
- Only drain engine oil while it is warm.

Draining the engine oil

Overview



1 Oil drain screw (side)
2 Oil drain screw (front)
3 Seal ring

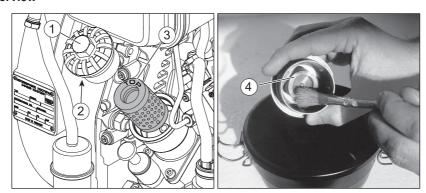
1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01 Maintenance

Procedure

Step	Activity
1	Keep a container ready for collecting the used oil. The container must be large enough to hold the entire amount of engine oil. For the engine oil capacity, see chapter 4.1 Engine information and filling quantities, page 21.
2	Depending on accessibility, the engine oil can be drained at oil drain screw (1) or (2). Unscrew the oil drain screw and drain the used oil entirely.
3	Screw in the cleaned oil drain screw with the new sealing ring and tighten. Tightening torque: 50 Nm.

Changing the oil filter (option)

Overview



1	Screw cap for oil filter
2	Seal ring
3	TOP marking on the oil filter
4	Screen insert

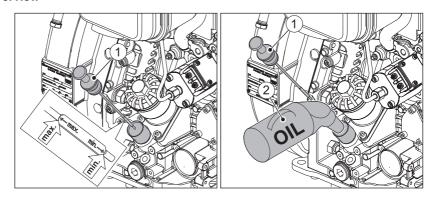
Procedure

Step	Activity
1	Unscrew the screw cap (1).
2	Clean the screen insert (4) carefully to ensure that the wire mesh is not bent. Wipe out the screw cap or blow it out with compressed air.
3	Dispose of the old oil filter in accordance with local environmental regulations.

Step	Activity
4	When inserting the new oil filter, pay attention to the "TOP" marking (3).
5	Renew the gasket ring (2).
6	Coat the screw cap thread and gasket with "K" lubricant, see spare parts list.
7	Screw in and tighten the screw cap.

Filling the engine oil

Overview



1	Dipstick
2	Oil refilling container

Procedure

Step	Activity
1	Pull out the dipstick (1) and clean it.
2	Fill engine oil. For the specification and viscosity, see chapter 4.3 Engine oil, page 24. For the filling quantity, see chapter 4.1 Engine information and filling quantities, page 21.
3	Reinsert the dipstick.
4	Pull out the dipstick and check the oil level.
5	If required, add engine oil to the max. mark.
6	Reinsert the dipstick.
7	Check the oil level again after a short test run and top up engine oil as required.

Step	Activity
8	Check the oil drain screw and screw cap on the oil filter for leaks.

8.2.6 Checking and setting the tappet clearance

Safety note



CAUTION



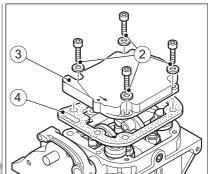
Danger of burns.

There is a danger of burns when working on a hot engine. Only perform the settings while the engine is cold (10-30 °C).

Let the engine cool.

Overview - Preparatory activities





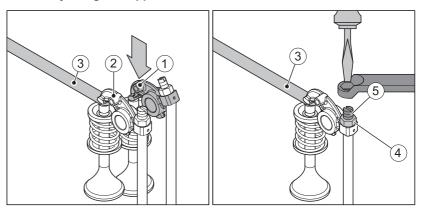
0	Position 0 (decompression lever is horizontal)
1	Decompression lever
2	Mounting bolts and washers for cylinder head cover
3	Cylinder head cover
4	Gasket

Preparation

Step	Activity
1	Decompression lever is in position 0.
2	Remove dirt in the area of the cover (3).
3	Remove the mounting bolts (2).
4	Take off the cover (3) with the gasket (4). Always renew the gasket.

Maintenance 1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01

Overview - Adjusting the tappet clearance



1	Rocker arm for outlet valve
2	Rocker arm for inlet valve
3	Feeler gage
4	Hexagon nut
5	Adjusting screw

Procedure - Adjusting the tappet clearance

Step	Activity
1	Turn the engine in the sense of rotation until the rocker arm (1) has fully opened the outlet valve. Then check the tappet clearance at the rocker arm (2) with a feeler gauge (3). See chapter 4.1 Engine information and filling quantities, page 21 for the sense of rotation and settings.
2	Turn the engine in the sense of rotation until the rocker arm (2) has fully opened the intake valve. Now check the tappet clearance at the rocker arm (1).
3	If the tappet clearance needs to corrected:
	Release the hex nut (4) and turn the adjustment screw (5) so the feeler gage (3) can be pulled through with a barely perceptible resistance after the hex nut is tightened.
4	Mount the cylinder head cover with the new gasket and tighten evenly.
5	After a brief trial run, check the cylinder head cover for tightness.

1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01 Maintenance

8.2.7 Cleaning the cooling air area

Safety notes



CAUTION



Danger of burns.

There is a danger of burns when working on a hot engine.

Let the engine cool before maintenance.



CAUTION



Danger of injury.

When working with compressed air, foreign bodies may fly into your eyes.



- Wear safety goggles.
- Never direct the compressed air jet toward people or toward yourself.

CAUTION

Danger of damage to the machine from incorrect engine cleaning.

- Let the engine fully cool down before cleaning.
- Do not spray components of the electrical equipment with a water jet or high pressure jet during cleaning.



CAUTION



Damage from inadequate engine cooling.

Only operate the engine when all covers are installed.

NOTICE



In case of heavy contamination, shorten the maintenance intervals accordingly (see chapter 8.2.2 Maintenance plan, page 50).

Procedure

Step	Activity
Dry contamination	
1	Clean the engine without using liquids and blow it out with compressed air.
Moist or oily contamination	
1	Contact HATZ service.

8.2.8 Check the screw connections

Safety note

NOTICE



- Do not retighten the screws for attaching the cylinder head.
- Only retighten loose screw connections.
 Screw connections can be secured with thread locking adhesive or tightened to a defined torque. Retightening tight screw connections can cause damage.

Procedure

Step	Activity
1	Check the condition of all screw connections and ensure that they are tight (for exceptions, see note).
2	Tighten any lose screw connections.

8.2.9 Changing the fuel filter

Safety notes



DANGER



Fire hazard from fuel

Leaked or spilled fuel can ignite on hot engine parts and cause serious burn injuries.



- Do not spill fuel.
- No open flames when working on the fuel system.
- Do not smoke.

1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01 Maintenance



CAUTION



Danger of burns.

There is a danger of burns when working on a hot engine.



Let the engine cool. Wear safety gloves.



CAUTION



Danger of injury.

Repeated contact with diesel fuel can cause chapped and cracked skin.



- Wear safety gloves.
- If there is contact with the skin, thoroughly wash the affected areas of the skin with soap and water.



CAUTION

Danger of environmental damage from spilled fuel.



When the filter is removed, a small amount of fuel is drained as well.

Collect any escaping fuel and dispose of it according to local environmental regulations.

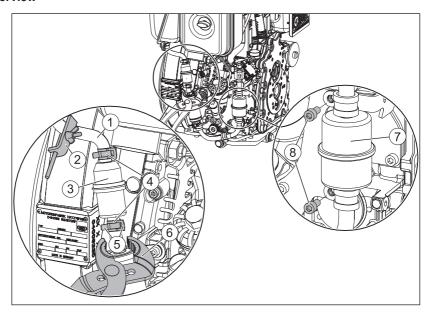
CAUTION

Dirt particles can damage the injection system.

Maintain clean conditions to ensure dirt does not enter the fuel line.

Maintenance 1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01

Overview



1	Fuel feed line
2	Hose clip
3	Fuel prefilter
4	Hose clamps
5	Tabs on the hose clamp
6	Pliers
7	Main fuel filter
8	Fixing screws

Procedure – change the fuel prefilter

Step	Activity
1	Block the fuel feed line (1) using the hose clip (2).
2	Place a suitable container under the fuel prefilter to collect emerging fuel.
3	Release the hose clamps (4) and slide them to the back. To do so, squeeze the tabs (5) together with suitable pliers (6).
4	Unscrew the fuel prefilter (3) and dispose of it according to local environmental regulations.

1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01 Maintenance

Step	Activity
5	Insert a new fuel prefilter. Observe the flow-through direction (arrows).
6	Slide the hose clamps to their original position.

Procedure - change the main fuel filter

Step	Activity
1	Block the fuel feed line (1) using the hose clip (2).
2	Place a suitable container under the main fuel filter (7) to collect emerging fuel.
3	Unscrew the filter from the holders.
4	Remove the main fuel filter and dispose of it according to local environmental regulations.
5	Insert a new main fuel filter. Observe the flow-through direction (arrows).
6	Attach the filter to the holders.

Final steps

Step	Activity
1	Open the fuel feed line.
2	Bleed the fuel system (see chapter 6.5 Venting the fuel system, page 35).
3	Start the engine and perform a test run.
4	After the test run, check both fuel filters and the lines for leak tightness.

8.2.10 Maintaining the dry air filter

Safety notes



CAUTION

There is a danger of burns when working on a hot engine.



Wear safety gloves.

Danger of burns.

NOTICE



- Immediately clean the filter cartridge if the maintenance display appears at maximum speed.
- Always renew the filter cartridge after a use period of 250 operating hours.

Procedure

C	edure					
	Step	Activity	Figure			
	1	Unscrew the air filter cover (1).				
	2	Unscrew the fixing (2) and remove the air filter cartridge (3).				
	3	In the model with an air filter maintenance display, check the condition and cleanliness of the valve shim (4).	6 6			
	4	Clean the filter housing (5) and cover for the air filter. Ingress of dirt or other foreign bodies into the intake opening (6) must be absolutely avoided.	(Pi)			

Step	Activity	Figure
5	The air filter cartridge either needs to be replaced, cleaned or checked depending on the degree of contamination (see chapter 8.2.11 Checking and cleaning the air filter cartridge, page 67).	
6	Assemble in reverse order.	

8.2.11 Checking and cleaning the air filter cartridge

Safety notes



CAUTION



Danger of injury.

When working with compressed air, foreign bodies may fly into your eyes.



- Wear safety goggles.
- Never direct the compressed air jet toward people or toward yourself.



CAUTION



Danger of injury.

When blowing out the filter cartridge, the ambient air becomes contaminated with dust.

- This dust may contain harmful particles.
- Wear a fine dust mask.

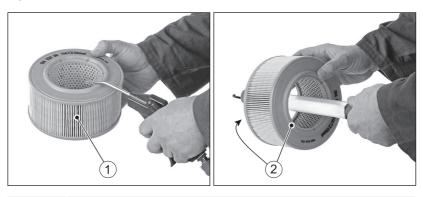
NOTICE



- The pressure must not exceed 5 bar.
- A distance of approx. 150 mm must be maintained between the filter cartridge and the compressed air gun.
- The filter cartridge may not be washed out or beaten out.
- Even minor damage in the areas of the sealing surface, filter paper or filter cartridge makes it impossible to reuse the filter cartridge.

Maintenance 1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01

Overview



1	Air filter cartridge
2	Sealing surfaces

Procedure

Step	Activity			
Dry conta	Dry contamination			
1	Blow out the filter cartridge with dry compressed air from the inside to the outside until dust no longer emerges.			
2	Check the sealing surfaces (2) of the filter cartridge for damage.			
3	Check the filter cartridge for cracks in the filter paper and other damage by holding it against the light at a slant or letting light from a lamp shine through it.			
4	Replace the filter cartridge if necessary (see note).			
Moist or oily contamination				
1	Renew the filter cartridge.			

1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01 Faults

9 Faults

9.1 Troubleshooting

General troubleshooting notes

If the cases listed below have been worked through but the fault continues to persist, please contact your nearest **Hatz service station**.

The engine fault indicator on the HATZ instrument box lights up during operation.

Possible causes	Remedy	Chapter
Various errors in different assemblies.	Use the flash code table to identify and eliminate errors.	9.2 Flash code table for engine faults, page 73

The engine does not start or is difficult to start, but can be turned easily as usual

Possible causes	Remedy	Chapter
The tank ran out of fuel during operation.	Add fuel.	7.6 Refueling, page 44
Fuel filter is clogged.	Change the fuel filter.	8.2.9 Changing the fuel filter, page 62
Electrical fuel pump is not working.	Check the cabling.	
Injection nozzle is not functional.	Contact HATZ service.	
Insufficient compressi	on:	
 Wrong tappet clear- ance. 	Check the tappet clearance and adjust if necessary.	8.2.6 Checking and setting the tappet clearance, page 59
 Cylinder and/or piston ring wear. 	Contact HATZ service.	
Model with diesel parti		
Diesel particulate filter is clogged.	Contact HATZ service.	

Faults 1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01

At low temperatures (engine does not start)

Possible causes	Remedy	Chapter
Pre glow system (option) defective.	Contact HATZ service.	
Fuel gelled due to insufficient cold resistance.	Check whether the fuel that emerges from the fuel feed line is clear and not cloudy. If the fuel has gelled, either thaw the engine or drain the entire fuel supply system, and change the fuel filter. Fill with a temperature-resistant fuel mixture.	4.4 Fuel, page 25 8.2.9 Changing the fuel filter, page 62
Oil is too viscous and causes a too low starter speed.	Change the engine oil. Add engine oil with a suitable viscosity class.	8.2.5 Change the engine oil and oil filter, page 55
Insufficiently charged battery.	Check the battery and contact the service center if necessary.	3.2.4 Electrical equipment, page 18
Machine is not uncoupled.	If possible, separate the engine from the machine by uncoupling it.	

The starter does not switch on and the engine does not turn.

Possible causes	Remedy	Chapter
Irregularities in the electrical equipment:		
Battery and/or other cable connections are incorrectly connected.	Check the electrical equipment and its components or contact Hatz service.	
Cable connections are loose and/or oxidized.		
Battery is defective and/or not loaded.		
Defective starter.		
Defective relay, monitoring elements etc.		

1D90E / 02 - Rev. 01 Faults

Engine switches off spontaneously during operation

Possible causes	Remedy	Chapter
Engine malfunction (indicator for engine malfunction flashes).	Use the flash code table to identify and eliminate errors.	9.2 Flash code table for engine faults, page 73
The tank ran out of fuel during operation.	Fill with fuel.	7.6 Refueling, page 44
Fuel filter is clogged.	Change the fuel filter.	8.2.9 Changing the fuel filter, page 62
Electrical defects.	Check the wiring or contact HATZ service.	
Mechanical faults.	Contact HATZ service.	

The engine loses power and speed

Possible causes	Remedy	Chapter
 The engine is run- ning in emergency mode due to a mal- function (engine mal- function indicator is lit) 	Switch off the engine and use the flash code table to identify and eliminate errors.	9.2 Flash code table for engine faults, page 73
• The tank ran out of fuel during operation.	Add fuel.	7.6 Refueling, page 44
Fuel filter is clogged.	Change the fuel filter.	8.2.9 Changing the fuel filter, page 62
 Inadequate tank venting. 	Ensure that the tank is sufficiently vented.	
Model with diesel particulate filter:		
Diesel particulate filter is clogged.	Contact HATZ service.	

The engine loses power and speed, and black smoke emerges from the exhaust

Possible causes	Remedy	Chapter
Dirty air filter unit.	Check the degree of dirt contamination of the air filter, and clean or renew if necessary.	8.2.10 Maintain- ing the dry air fil- ter, page 65

Possible causes	Remedy	Chapter
Tappet clearance not OK.	Adjust the tappet clearance.	8.2.6 Checking and setting the tappet clearance, page 59
Injection nozzle not OK.	Contact HATZ Service.	
Model with diesel parti	culate filter:	
In engines with a diesel particulate filter, black smoke only comes out of the exhaust pipe if the diesel particulate filter is faulty.	Contact HATZ Service.	

The engine is unexpectedly running at a low speed. It is not possible to increase the engine speed.

Possible causes	Remedy	Chapter
•	Use the flash code table to identify and eliminate errors.	9.2 Flash code table for engine faults, page 73

Engine becomes very hot. Indicator lamp for engine temperature (option) lights up

Possible causes	Remedy	Chapter		
Too much engine oil in the engine.	Drain the engine oil to the upper mark of the dipstick.	7.5 Check the oil level, page 42		
Inadequate cooling:				
 Contamination in the entire area of the cooling air guides. 	Clean the cooling air area.	8.2.7 Cleaning the cooling air area, page 61		
 Incompletely closed air guide parts. 	Check the air guide parts and shafts for completeness and good sealing properties.			

Unusual noises in the exhaust area

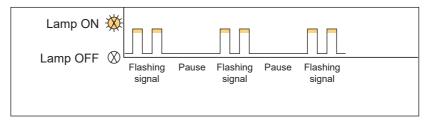
Possible causes	Remedy	Chapter		
Model with diesel particulate filter:				
Diesel particulate filter is faulty.	Contact HATZ service.			

9.2 Flash code table for engine faults

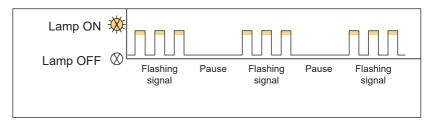
If an engine malfunction occurs, the indicator for "Engine malfunction" lights up (see *Explanation of symbols*, chapter 5.2 *HATZ instrument box, page 29*). If the engine is switched off and the starting key is set to "I", a flashing signal is output on the engine control indicator. The table below shows possible flashing signals, their meaning, as well as measures for remedies. If the listed fault cases have been worked through but the fault continues to persist, please contact your nearest **HATZ Service**.

The diagrams show the structure of a flash code using flash codes 2 and 3 as examples:

Flash code 2



Flash code 3



The light flashes three times in a row for each error. If two or more errors are active, these are flashed immediately afterwards. To repeat, turn the starting key to position "0" and then back to position "I". The flash code is deleted automatically if the error does not reoccur within two operating cycles (= start/operation/stop).

Flash code table

Flashing signal	Possible causes	Remedy	Chapter
1 Area affected: Engine oil pressure	Engine oil pressure too low.	Check the oil level.	7.5 Check the oil level, page 42

Flashing signal	Possible causes	Remedy	Chapter
2 Area affected: Overtemperature	Engine temperature is too high.	Clean the cooling air area.	8.2.7 Cleaning the cooling air area, page 61
	Oil temperature too high.	Reduce the engine load.	
3 Affected area:	Faulty voltage controller.	Contact HATZ service.	
Charge control	Battery voltage too high.	Contact HATZ service.	
	Battery voltage too low.	Check the electrical equipment and its components or contact Hatz service.	
	Speed adjustment is faulty.	Contact HATZ service.	
	Supply voltage for sensors is faulty.	Check the cabling.	
4	Cabling is faulty.	Check the cabling.	
Area affected: Analog setpoint or CAN communi- cation	Speed adjustment is faulty.	Contact HATZ service.	
5 Area affected: Ambient pressure sensor	Sensor is faulty.	Contact HATZ service.	
7	Cabling is faulty.	Check the cabling.	
Area affected: Fuel pump, glow plug, injection pump	Fuel pump, glow plug or injection pump is faulty.	Contact HATZ service.	

Flashing signal	Possible causes	Remedy	Chapter
8 Area affected: Speed sensor	Cabling to the crankshaft speed sensor is faulty.	Check the cabling.	
system	Crankshaft speed sensor is faulty.	Contact HATZ service.	
	Engine speed is impermissibly high.	Contact HATZ service.	
9 Area affected:	Cabling to the control unit is faulty.	Check the cabling.	
Control unit	Faulty control unit.	Contact HATZ service.	

9.3 Emergency hand start

The series engine is equipped with an electric start mechanism. An emergency hand start system that can be used to start the equipment by hand can be installed additionally as an option. An emergency hand start should only be performed if an electric start is not possible, e.g. when the battery is weak.

This chapter contains the following subchapters:

- Safety notes
- Prerequisite for performing an emergency hand start
- Performing tests
- Activating automatic decompression
- Emergency hand start with kick-back damping

Safety notes



DANGER

Danger to life from inhaling exhaust gases.



Toxic engine exhaust gases can lead to loss of consciousness, and even death, in closed-off and poorly ventilated rooms.

- Never operate the machine in closed-off or poorly ventilated rooms.
- Do not breathe in the exhaust gases.



CAUTION



Danger of injury from the use of starting fluid.

- Danger of injury during emergency hand start because the use of starting fluid can result in uncontrolled ignitions.
- Never use starting fluid.



CAUTION

Danger of injury from defective crank handle.



A damaged or broken handle bar can cause injuries. A worn drive dog can slip out of the starting mechanism when starting and also cause injuries.

 Check the crank handle for a broken handle bar, worn drive dog etc.; replace if necessary.



CAUTION

Danger of injury from recoiling of the engine.

- Use a crank handle with a recoil damper.
- <u>^</u>
- Hold the handle bar so that it cannot twist and quickly turn the crank so that continuous traction between the engine and crank is ensured.
- If recoil occurs due to cautious turning where the engine starts in the opposite sense of rotation under certain circumstances (smoke from the air filter), release the crank handle immediately and stop the engine.
- To repeat the starting process, wait until the engine has stopped; only then recommence start preparations.

Prerequisite for performing an emergency hand start

- The battery has enough residual voltage left that the charge control, oil
 pressure indicator and engine fault indicator light up in starting key position I (operation) (see also chapter 5.2 HATZ instrument box, page 29).
- The operator must have a powerful build and must not have any medical restrictions. The emergency hand start system may not be operated by children or by people with a less powerful build.
- Wear safety shoes and closed work clothing (see chapter Personal protective equipment, chapter 3.2.1 Operational safety, page 12).
- Ambient temperature: 5 °C or higher

NOTICE



An emergency hand start is not possible if the fuel tank is empty.

If the fuel tank has been run empty, the fuel system will need to be bled after being refilled using the electric fuel pump (see chapter 6.5 Venting the fuel system, page 35).

After bleeding, multiple start attempts with the starter are necessary to start the engine.

Performing tests

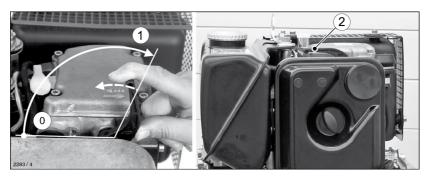
Procedure

Step	Test
1	The machine is standing securely and on a level surface.
2	The installation location is adequately ventilated.
3	There is a sufficient amount of fuel in the fuel tank (see chapter 7.6 Refueling, page 44).

Step	Test
4	There is a sufficient amount of engine oil in the engine housing (see chapter 6.4 Filling engine oil (first filling), page 34).
5	Crank handle in functional condition.
6	Sliding area between crank handle and guide sleeve lightly greased.
7	No persons are located in the danger zone of the engine or machine.
8	All safety equipment is in place.

Activating automatic decompression

Overview



0	Position 0
1	Position 1
2	Decompression lever

Procedure

Step	Activity
1	Turn the decompression lever (2) to the end stop (position 1). The automatic decompression engages audibly in this position and the engine is ready to start.

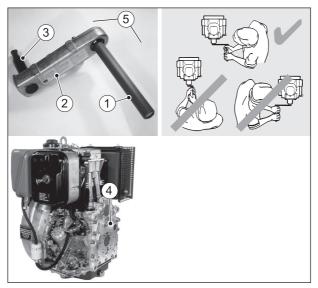
NOTICE

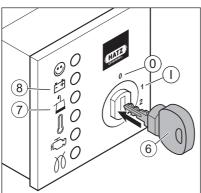


After engaging the automatic decompression on the end stop, five crank handle turns are required until the engine compresses again and can ignite.

Emergency hand start with kick-back damping

Overview





1	Handle bar
2	Crank arm
3	Drive dog
4	Guide sleeve
5	Crank handle
6	Starting key
7	Oil pressure indicator

8	Charge control
Ignition loc	k
0	Off
I	Operation

Procedure

Step	Activity
1	Insert the starting key all the way and turn to position "I". The oil pressure indicator and charge control light up.
2	Insert the drive dog into the guide sleeve.
3	Assume a sturdy position. The surface you are standing on must not be slippery.
4	Assume the correct position (see overview).
5	Grasp the handle bar with both hands.
6	First turn the crank handle slowly until the drive dog and the engagement mechanism of the crank handle engage.
7	Turn the crank handle forcefully with increasing speed. When the decompression lever engages in the "0" position (compression), the highest possible speed must be reached. Continue turning the crank handle forcefully.
8	As soon as the engine starts, pull the crank handle out of the guide sleeve. Note: If the engine does not start, the starting process can be repeated by performing steps 2–8.
9	The oil pressure indicator and charge control must go out.

NOTICE



If recoil occurs during the starting process, the crank arm/drive dog linkage releases via the handle bar due to the short reverse rotation.

10 Storage and disposal

10.1 Storing the machine

Safety notes



DANGER

Danger to life from inhaling exhaust gases.



Toxic engine exhaust gases can lead to loss of consciousness, and even death, in closed-off and poorly ventilated rooms.

- Never operate the machine in closed-off or poorly ventilated rooms.
- Do not breathe in the exhaust gases.



DANGER

Fire hazard from fuel.



Leaked or spilled fuel can ignite on hot engine parts and cause serious burn injuries.

 Only refuel when the engine is switched off and has cooled down



- Never refuel in the vicinity of open flames or sparks that can cause ignition.
- Do not smoke.
- Do not spill fuel.



CAUTION



Danger of environmental damage from spilled fuel.

Do not overfill the fuel tank and do not spill fuel.

 Collect any leaking fuel and dispose of it according to local environmental regulations.

NOTICE



Comply with the safety chapter!

Follow the basic safety instructions in chapter 3 Safety, page 7.

Storing the machine for a lengthy period

Take the following measures if you intend to take the machine out of service for a lengthy period (3-12 months):

Step	Activity
1	Drain the fuel tank until it is nearly empty and fill with FAME*-free fuel. Operate the engine for a few minutes so that only FAME-free fuel is still in the fuel system.
2	Change the engine oil and oil filter (see chapter 8.2.5 Change the engine oil and oil filter, page 55).
3	Change the fuel filter (see chapter 8.2.9 Changing the fuel filter, page 62).
4	Let the machine cool down.
5	Remove the battery in accordance with the Operator's Manual for the machine and store at ambient temperature. Comply with the local regulations as well as the regulations of the battery manufacturer for the storage of batteries.
6	Close and seal all engine openings (air intake openings, air outlet openings and the exhaust gas opening) so that no foreign bodies can enter, but a small amount of air can still be exchanged. This avoids condensation.
7	After the machine has cooled down, cover it to protect it against dust, and store it in a dry and clean place.

^{*}FAME = Fatty Acid Methyl Ester

Ambient conditions during storage

- Max. permissible storage temperature: -25 °C to +60 °C
- Max. permissible humidity: 70%
- Protect the engine from direct sunlight

Recommissioning

Step	Activity
1	Remove all covers.
2	Check the cables, hoses and lines for cracks and leak tightness.
3	Check the engine oil level.
4	Install the battery in accordance with the Operator's Manual for the machine.

The brand new engine can normally be stored for up to 12 months. The protection lasts up to approx. 6 months at very high humidity and in sea air.

For storage periods of more than 12 months, please contact the nearest **HATZ Service**

10.2 Disposing of the machine

Disposal information

Dispose of the machine (including machine parts, engine oil and fuel) according to the local disposal regulations and the environmental laws in the country of use.

Because of the danger of possible environmental damage, only permit an approved specialist company to dispose of the machine.

NOTICE



When the machine has reached the end of its lifecycle, ensure that it is disposed of safely and properly, especially parts and substances that can be dangerous to the environment. These also include fuel, lubricants, plastics, and batteries (if present).

- Do not dispose of the battery with the household trash.
- Dispose of the battery at a collection point for possible recycling.

11 Declaration of incorporation

Extended Declaration of Incorporation EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

The manufacturer: Motorenfabrik Hatz GmbH & Co.KG

Ernst-Hatz-Straße 16

94099 Ruhstorf a. d. Rott (Germany)

hereby declares that the incomplete machine: product description: Hatz diesel engine

Type designation and as of serial number: 1D42=13311; 1D42=15510; 1D50=10920; 1D50=15610; 1D81=07327; 1D81=17927; 1D81C=18027; 1D90=10820; 1D90E=18505 1D90V/W=11317; 1D90V/W=18117

satisfies the following basic safety and health protection requirements in acc. with Annex I to the above-mentioned Directive.

- General principles no. 1
 - Nr. 1.1.2., 1.1.3., 1.1.5., 1.2.1., 1.2.2., 1.2.3., 1.2.4.1., 1.2.4.2., 1.2.6, 1.3.1., 1.3.2., 1.3.3., 1.3.4., 1.3.7., 1.3.9., 1.4.1., 1.5.1., 1.5.3., 1.5.8., 1.5.9., 1.5.10, 1.5.11, 1.6.1., 1.6.2., 1.6.4., 1.7.

All relevant basic safety and health protection requirements down to the interfaces described

- ☑ in the manual for diesel engine
- in the enclosed data sheets

have been complied with.

The following standards have been applied (fully or in part):

- EN 1679-1: 092011 - EN 60204-1:062007
- EN ISO 12100: 032011
- EN ISO 13857: 062008

The manual for the diesel engine has been attached to that of the incomplete machine and the Assembly Instructions have been provided to the customer electronically together with the order confirmation.

The special technical documents in acc. with Annex VII B of the Directive 2006/42/EC have been prepared. If necessary, I will submit the above-mentioned special technical documents in electronic form to the competent authority.

The above-mentioned special technical documents can be requested from: Wolfgang Krautloher, address, see manufacturer

Commissioning is prohibited until it has been established, where applicable, that the machine into which the above-mentioned incomplete machine is to be incorporated, satisfies the provisions of the Machinery Directive.

19/10/2021

Date

Maximilian Eder
Series manager air-cooled engines

Dr.-Ing. Simon Thierfelder Chief Technical Officer - CTO

12 Declaration of the manufacturer

The following "Manufacturer's declaration of compliance with regulation (EU) 2016/1628" only applies to engines with an engine family designation in accordance with chapter 1.5 (see next page).

The corresponding engine family designation is noted on the engine type plate (see chapter 4.2 Engine type plate, page 23).

CO₂ emissions*

Engine family designation	CO ₂ g/kWh	Test cycle	Parent engine	Speed
1D90E-vs	951.80	NRSC-C1	1D90Ez	3000

^{*}According to EU Regulation 2016/1628, Article 43 Paragraph (4)



Declaration of the manufacturer on compliance with Regulation (EU) 2016/1628

The signees: Jakob Reif and Dr. Andreas Stadler

herewith declare that the following engine type/engine family (*) complies in all respects with the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2016/1628 of the European Parliament and of the Council (¹), Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/654 (²), Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/655 (³) and Commission Implementing Regulation 2017/656 (4) and does not use defeat devices.

All emission reduction strategies, where applicable, comply with the requirements of the standard emission reduction strategy and the supplementary emission reduction strategy set out in Section 2 of Annex IV to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/654 on technical and general requirements and have been disclosed in accordance with that Annex and with Annex I to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/656 on administrative requirements.

- 1.1. Trademark (manufacturer trademark(s)): Hatz
- 1.2. Trade name(s) (if any): Hatz-Diesel
- Manufacturer company name and address:
 Motorenfabrik Hatz GmbH & Co. KG, Ernst-Hatz-Str. 16, 94099 Ruhstorf a.d.Rott
- 1.4. If applicable, name and address of the authorized representative of the manufacturer: ---
- 1.5. Engine type designation/engine family designation/FT (*) 1D90E-vs

Place, date, Jakob Rell, Head of Quality Mourance

Puls for f, 16 11 DL A Shocker

Place, date, Dr. Andreas Stadler, Head of Thermodynamics

Signature (or visual representation of an "advanced electronic signature" in compliance with Directive (EU) No. 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council (5), including the signature test data):

(*) Cross out choices that are unused or indicate only the choices used

- (*) Regulation (EU) 2016/1628 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 September 2016 on the requirements relating to emission limit values for gaseous and particulate pollutants and the type-approval of internal combustion engines to be installed in non-road mobile machinery, amending Regulations (EU) No 1024/2012 and (EU) No 167/2013, and amending and repealing Directive 97/68/EC (OJ L 252, 16.09.2016, p. 53).
- (*) Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/654 of 19 December 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2016/1628 of the European Parliament and of the Council on technical and general requirements concerning emission limits and type-approval of internal combustion engines to be installed in non-road mobile machinery (OJ L 102, 13.04.2017, p. 1).
- (3) Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/655 of 19 December 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2016/1628 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the monitoring of emissions of gaseous pollutants from in-service internal combustion engines to non-road mobile machinery (OJ L 102, 13.04.2017, p. 334).
 (4) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/655 of 19 December 2016 laying down the administrative requirements for
- (*) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/656 of 19 December 2016 laying down the administrative requirements for emission limit values and type-approvals for internal combustion engines to be installed in non-road mobile machinery pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2016/1628 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 102, 13.04.2017, p. 364).
- (5) Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on electronic identification and trust services for electronic transactions in the internal market and repealing Directive 1999/93/EC (OJ L 257, 28.08.2014, p. 73).

Motorenfabrik Hatz GmbH & Co. KG

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